

MONTHLY BILLING FACTORS				
Billing Month	Electric Fuel Adjustment (\$/kiloWatt-hour)	Purchased Gas Adjustment		Natural Gas BTU Factor
		Natural Gas (\$/therm)	Liquid Propane (\$/gallon)	
Oct-2021	\$0.0300	\$0.2300	\$1.1850	1.028
Nov-2021	\$0.0400	\$0.3800	\$1.1920	1.027
Dec-2021	\$0.0500	\$0.5000	\$1.2370	1.027
Jan-2022	\$0.0530	\$0.5500	\$1.3220	1.027
Feb-2022	\$0.0530	\$0.5500	\$1.3840	1.027
Mar-2022	\$0.0530	\$0.5500	\$1.4400	1.026
Apr-2022	\$0.0590	\$0.6000	\$1.5090	1.026
May-2022	\$0.0650	\$0.7500	\$1.5720	1.025
Jun-2022	\$0.0700	\$0.8000	\$1.6360	1.025
Jul-2022	\$0.0800	\$0.8000	\$1.1720	1.025
Aug-2022	\$0.0800	\$0.8000	\$1.7630	1.025
Sep-2022	\$0.0800	\$0.8000	\$1.8230	1.024
Oct-2022	\$0.0800	\$0.8000	\$1.8510	1.024
Nov-2022	\$0.0800	\$0.9000	\$1.8700	1.024
Dec-2022	\$0.0800	\$0.9000	\$1.8790	1.024
Jan-2023				
Feb-2023				
Mar-2023				
Apr-2023				
May-2023				
Jun-2023				
Jul-2023				
Aug-2023				
Sep-2023				

Notes:

(1) GRU meters the volume of natural gas in measurements of hundred cubic feet (Ccf) and bills based on its energy value in therms (1 therm = 100,000 BTUs).

Two multipliers convert the metered volume to the billed consumption value:

a) The "meter multiplier" accounts for the pressure of the gas supply from the meter to yield a volume reading in Ccf (100 cubic feet).

- Most residential services are metered at standard pressure and use a meter multiplier of 1.017.
- Most non-residential services are metered at elevated pressure and use a meter multiplier of 1.000.

b) The BTU factor represents the heat content of the natural gas and converts the metered volume into units of energy (therms).

*Meter reading volume x Meter Multiplier x BTU Factor = Billed consumption  
(rounded to the nearest whole therm)*

(2) GRU meters the volume of liquid propane gas and bills consumption in measurements of gallons. The meter multiplier accounts for the pressure of the gas supply from the meter to yield a volume reading in gallons. Liquid propane gas services use meter multipliers of 2.7729 (standard pressure) or 2.7 (elevated pressure).

*Meter reading volume x Meter Multiplier = Billed consumption  
(rounded to the nearest whole gallon)*